

1. Amh. *g^wəlbät* ‘knee’ > ‘strength, power’ (AED 1890)

Of Cushitic origins, cf. Or. *ǧilba*, Darasa *gulbo* etc. (Appleyard, 2015)

In other South E. S.:

Arg. *gulbät, gulb* (AAD 439)

Har. *gəlib* (EDH 71)

Zw. *gulbät* (EDG 272)

Gaf. *gulbät* (Leslau 1956:202)

Ch. *g^wərbät* (EDG 272)

Ezh. *g^wərbät* (EDG 272)

Sel. Wol. *bərk* ‘knee’ (EDG 153)

In North E. S.:

Tna. *g^wəlbät* ‘strength’ (TED 2214) borrowing from Amh.

በጉልበት ወደቀ [bä gulbät wäddäkä] - to fall on one’s knees

ጉልበት አወጣ [gulbät awäṭa] - to gain strength, grow strong

ጉልበት ተሰማው [gulbät täsämmaw] - to feel strong

2. Gez. *bərk* ‘knee’ > Amh. *bärräkä* ‘to kneel’, ‘knock (knees from fear)’ > *täbräkärräkä* ‘to be frightened’, ‘shake with fear’, ‘to be completely weak’ (AED 885, 886)

በረከ አለ [bäräkk alä] - to stand on one’s knees

በረከ በረከ አለ [bäräk bäräkk alä] - to fall on one knees with fright

ብርከ ብርከ አለ [bärkä bärkk alä] - to suffer a sudden loss of strength

3. E. S. *ṣwr* ‘carry’ ~ Amh. *ṭor* ‘spear’ (AED 2113)

South E. S.:

Gur. *ṣorä* ‘weapon’

Arg. Gur. *ṭor* ‘spear’

Gaf. *ṣarä* ‘spear’

North E. S.:

Tna. *ṣor* ‘weapon’

Te. *ṣawar* ‘spear’

4. Amh. *zega* ‘poor’ > Amh. ‘subject’

Of Cushitic origin (Appleyard, 1977; CDG 646) Bil. *ḡixa*, Or. *dēgā* ‘poor’

Har. *zēga* (EDH 165)

Sel. Wol. *zēgä* (EDG 718)

Ch. Ezh. Muh. *zega* (EDG 718)

5. P. S. **ḥmm* ‘to be hot’ > P. E. S. ‘to be ill’ > Amh. *ammämä* ‘to hurt, to be painful’ (AED 1120)

Gez. *ḥamama* (CDG 233)

Te. *ḥammä* (WTS 59)

Tna. *ḥamämä* (TED 170)

In South E. S.: *ḥamamat* ‘Passion (of Christ)’, borrowing from Gez.

6. North E. S. **dbr* ‘mountain’ ~ South E. S. **dbr* ‘forest’

North E. S.:

Gez. *dabr* ‘mountain’ (CDG 121)

Te. *dabar* ‘mountain’ (WTS 527)

Tna. *däbri* ‘mountain’ (TED 2114)

South E. S.:

Amh. *dur* 'forest' (AED 1732)

Gaf. *dābrä* 'forest' (Leslau 1956:195)

Ch. *dābər* 'forest' (EDG 197)

Ezh. *dābər* 'forest' (EDG 197)

End. *dār* 'forest' (EDG 197)

Enn. *dāḅər* 'forest' (EDG 197)

“Association between the (wooded) 'mountain' and 'woods, forest' (1.41) shows itself in a similar relationship, a word for 'mountain' coming to mean 'woods' or sometimes conversely...” (Buck, 1949; p. 23).

See also: DatSemShift #7061

7. Gez. *gabra* 'make, do' ~ Amh. *gäbbärä* 'to pay taxes'

South E. S.:

Arg. *gäbbärä* 'to pay taxes' (CDG 179)

Gur. *gäbärä* 'to pay taxes' (EDG 257)

North E. S.:

Tna. *gäbbärä* 'to pay taxes' vs *gäbärä* 'make, do' (CDG 179)

Te. *gäbbärä* 'to pay taxes' vs *gäbra* 'make, do' (CDG 179)

8. Agaw 'be hungry' > Amh. *čäggär* 'difficulty, trouble'

cf. Bil. *təgärt-*, Kemant *dəkärt-* 'be hungry' (Appleyard, 2015)

South E. S.:

Sod., Gog. *čäggärä* 'annoy, trouble' (EDG 172)

Other Gur. *ğaggärä* 'annoy, upset' (EDG 314)

Sod. *čäggär* – Addis Ababa

9. P. W. S. *r^ʿw ‘to join, to put together’ > P. E. S. *mar^ʿā-t ‘bride, daughter-in-law’

South E. S.:

Amh. mərət (AED 187)

Wol., Sod. mərət (EDG 424)

North E. S.:

Gez. mar^ʿāt (CDG 356). Also, ar^ʿut ‘yoke’

Tna., Te. mār^ʿat (CDG 356)

Other Semitic:

Akk. ru^ʿu ‘friend, companion’ (CAD R 439)

Hbr. rēa^ʿ ‘friend’

Ar. ʔur^ʿuwwat- ‘yoke’

P. S. *kallat- ‘bride’ (HALOT 477, DUL 441) left no trace in EthS.

10.1 P. W. S. *dky ‘to crush’ ~ Amh. dəha ‘poor’

Well attested in Hebrew, cf. דכּ – oppressed, miserable; to crush (HALOT 221).

10.2 Cushitic ‘poor’ ~ Amh. dəha ‘poor’

South E. S.

Arg. dəha (EDG 204)

Gaf. dähä (EDG 204)

Muh. dəha; dəxa (EDG 204)

Sod. dəka (EDG 204)

In North E. S.:

Te. dəha (AED 1819)

Tna. dəka (TED 2142)

