

1. **nʕr** to cry out vehemently > to be arrogant (Lisan 4472)

Examples:

naʕarat - She clamoured, and acted in a foul or immodest manner.

2. **qrf** to peel - to suspect (Lisan 3599)

Other languages:

Lat. *suspiciārī* 'suspect' < VLat. *su(b)s* 'under' REW 8484, 8488
(C.Buck 1246)

3. **ʕlf** to be tasteless > to boast (Lane 1717)

Other languages

Ing. *cham boatsaš* 'to be tasteless' > 'to be unpleasant, nasty'
(Ozdoyev 1962)

It. *vantarsi* 'to boast' < Lat. *vānitās* 'emptiness' REW 9138 (C. Buck 1282)

4. **fry** to slit - to blame, censure (Lane 2391)

Other languages:

Lat. *noxa, noxia* 'injury' > 'fault' (C. Buck 1183)

5. **hrʔ** to cook thoroughly > to be loquacious (Lane 2889)

6. **tyh** to lose the way > to be haughty, behave proudly (Lane 326)

Other languages:

Fr. *fier* 'proud' < Lat. *ferus* 'wild' REW 3264 (C. Buck 1147)

7. **nfr** to peck > to insult (Lisan 4519)

Other languages:

Cech. *zřok etta* 'to peck' > 'to be rude' (Matsiyev 1961 192)

Russ. клевать 'to peck' > 'to insult'

8. **sʕy** to go quickly > to strive > to falsify, calumniate (Lane 1366)

Examples:

وَالَّذِينَ سَعَوْا فِي آيَاتِنَا (22:51)

And they who strive, or labour, in respect of our signs, to mar, or vitiate, or pervert, their meaning, by impugning their character

Lane 1366

9. **lbs (II)** to put on > to confuse, doubt (Lane 3054)

10. **ʕdw** to run > to acted wrongfully, unjustly (Lane 1977)